Conference Program Guide

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Part I Conference Schedule

The detailed program will be available at the beginning of July, 2019. Here is the brief schedule for your perusal

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## Keynote Speeches

**Friday, August 9, 2019**

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### About the Speaker:

### Abstract:
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<tr>
<td>Saturday, August 10, 2019  09:00-12:30</td>
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Toronto is the most populous city in Canada, the provincial capital of Ontario, and the centre of the Greater Toronto Area, the most populous metropolitan area in Canada. In the 2011 census, Toronto had a population of 2,615,060, making it the fourth most populous city in North America, after Mexico City, New York City, and Los Angeles. An alpha global city, Toronto is an international centre of business, finance, arts, and culture, and is widely recognized as one of the most multicultural and cosmopolitan cities in the world. Aboriginal peoples have inhabited the area now known as Toronto for thousands of years. The urban history of the city dates back to 1787, when British officials negotiated the Toronto Purchase with the Mississauga of the New Credit. They established the Town of York, and later designated it as the capital of Upper Canada. During the War of 1812, the town was the site of the Battle of York and suffered heavy damage by U.S. troops. York was renamed and incorporated as the City of Toronto in 1834, and became the capital of the province of Ontario in 1867. The original borders of Toronto were expanded through amalgamation with surrounding municipalities at various times in its history, the results of which can be seen in the 140 independently unique and clearly defined official neighborhoods that make up the city.

Located in Southern Ontario on the northwestern shore of Lake Ontario, Toronto is situated on a broad sloping plateau intersected by an extensive network of rivers, deep ravines, and urban forest. It anchors the Golden Horseshoe, a densely populated region surrounding the western end of Lake Ontario that is home to 8.7 million people, or around 26% of the entire population of Canada. The demographics of Toronto make it one of the world's most diverse cities, with about 50% of residents having been born in a country other than Canada, and over 200 distinct ethnic origins represented among its inhabitants. The vastly international population of the city reflects its current and historical role as an important destination for immigrants to Canada. While English is the primary language spoken by the majority of Torontonians, there are over 160 different languages spoken in the city.
Toronto is a prominent centre for music, theatre, motion picture production, and television production, and is home to the headquarters of Canada's major national broadcast networks and media outlets. Its varied cultural institutions, which include numerous museums and galleries, festivals and public events, entertainment districts, national historic sites, and sports activities, are key attractions to the over 25 million tourists that visit the city each year. Toronto is well known for its skyscrapers and high-rise buildings, in particular the tallest free-standing structure in the Western Hemisphere, the CN Tower. As Canada's commercial capital, the city is home to the Toronto Stock Exchange, the headquarters of Canada's five largest banks, and the headquarters of many large Canadian and multinational corporations. Its economy is highly diversified with strengths in technology, design, financial services, life sciences, education, arts, fashion, business services, environmental innovation, food services, and tourism. Toronto is placed among the Global Leaders in the Global Financial Centres Index, and is also consistently rated as one of the world's most livable cities by the Economist Intelligence Unit and the Mercer Quality of Living Survey.

2. Hotel & Conference information

**Doubletree by Hilton Toronto Airport**

Double Tree by Hilton Toronto Airport is ideally located adjacent to the Toronto International Airport. This Etobicoke, Ontario hotel boasts an indoor pool, an on-site restaurant and guest rooms with free WiFi. Central Toronto is 25 minutes’ drive away.

A cable TV and tea and coffee-making facilities are included in all guest rooms at Double Tree by Hilton Toronto Airport. Each room offers ironing facilities and a hairdryer.

Casey's Grill & Bar Restaurant is located on-site at the Double Tree by Hilton Toronto Airport. Open for lunch and dinner, the restaurant offers an extensive menu and provides room service.

A business centre with fax and photocopying services is available on-site at Double Tree by Hilton Toronto Airport. Guests can also stop by the fitness centre or visit shops located in the hotel.

Centennial Park Golf Centre is a 10 minutes’ drive from this hotel. The Woodbine Racetrack is 5 km away. Parking is available with surcharge.

**Hotel Address:** 925 Dixon Road, Toronto, Ontario, M9W 1J8, Canada

**Website:** [www.torontoairport.doubletreebyhilton.com](http://www.torontoairport.doubletreebyhilton.com)
Room Reservation
Contact person: Katherine Hennessy | Director of Catering & Events
E-mail: s.purcell@hitorontodowntown.ca
Reserve Tel: Direct Line (647) 259-1915 | Hotel (416) 674-2222| Fax: (416) 674-8717

Note: AMICR 2019, IWPMH, MSHSI 2019, MICT 2019, ISSE 2019 and EBMSS 2019 will be held as scheduled at the hotel. The committee doesn’t provide hotel booking service, so please do it yourself in advance.

[Map]
3. Tourism

Toronto, Ontario, Canada is known for its many attractions. Toronto is one of Canada's leading tourism destinations. In 2009, Toronto region received 9.62 million overnight visitors, of which 6.42 million were domestic visitors and 1.99 million were from the United States. Toronto has an array of tourist attractions, and a rich cultural life. Some of these attractions are notable worldwide.

Royal Ontario Museum

The Royal Ontario Museum is a museum of art, world culture and natural history in Toronto, Canada. It is one of the largest museums in North America, the largest in Canada, and attracts over one million visitors every year, the second most for a Canadian art museum after the Montreal Museum of Fine Arts. The museum is north of Queen's Park, in the University of Toronto district, with its main entrance on Bloor Street West. The Museum subway station is named after the ROM, and since 2008, it is decorated to resemble the institution's collection. St. George station is also close to the museum's new entrance as well.

Established on 16 April 1912 and opened on 19 March 1914, the museum has maintained close relations with the University of Toronto throughout its history, often sharing expertise and resources. The museum was under the direct control and management of the University of Toronto until 1968, when it became an independent agency of the government of Ontario. Today, the museum is Canada's largest field-research institution, with research and conservation activities that span the globe.

With more than six million items and forty galleries, the museum's diverse collections of world culture and natural history contribute to its international reputation. The museum contains notable collections of dinosaurs, minerals and meteorites, Near Eastern and African art, Art of East Asia, European history, and Canadian history. It houses the world's largest collection of fossils from the Burgess Shale with more than 150,000 specimens. The museum also contains an extensive collection of design and fine arts, including clothing, interior, and product design, especially Art Deco.

Canadian National Tower

The CN Tower is Canada's National Tower and it is one of the attractions that is open 364 days a year. It is visited by approximately 2 million people every year. In 1995, the CN Tower was classified as one of the Seven Wonders of the Modern World by the American Society of Civil Engineers and for more than 30 years it was the world's tallest free-standing structure. The CN tower consists of many inner attractions like the Glass Floor, Skypod, 360 restaurant and the newest addition; Edgewalk. Edgewalk is a full circle hands-free walk on a 5 feet wide ledge encircling the top of the Tower, which is 1168 feet above the ground. It has also been mentioned in the Guinness
The CN Tower is a 553.33 m-high (1,815.4 ft) concrete communications and observation tower in downtown Toronto, Ontario, Canada. Built on the former Railway Lands, it was completed in 1976, becoming the world's tallest free-standing structure and world's tallest tower at the time. It held both records for 34 years until the completion of Burj Khalifa and Canton Tower in 2010. It is now the 3rd tallest tower in the world and remains the tallest free-standing structure in the Western Hemisphere, a signature icon of Toronto's skyline, and a symbol of Canada, attracting more than two million international visitors annually.

Its name "CN" originally referred to Canadian National, the railway company that built the tower. Since the name CN Tower became common in daily usage, the abbreviation was eventually expanded to Canadian National Tower or Canada's National Tower. However, neither of these names is commonly used.

In 1995, the CN Tower was declared one of the modern Seven Wonders of the World by the American Society of Civil Engineers. It also belongs to the World Federation of Great Towers, where it holds second-place ranking.

**Toronto Zoo**

The Toronto Zoo is a zoo located in Toronto, Ontario, Canada. Its original founder was Hugh A. Crothers, a successful Toronto industrialist who became the first Chairman of the Metro Toronto Zoological Society in 1966. It opened August 15, 1974, as the Metropolitan Toronto Zoo (often shortened to Metro Toronto Zoo) and is owned by the City of Toronto; the word "Metropolitan" was dropped from its name when the cities of the Municipality of Metropolitan Toronto were amalgamated to form the present-day city of Toronto in 1998.

The zoo is located near the Rouge River, along the western border of Rouge Park in city's east end former borough of Scarborough.

Encompassing 287 hectares (710 acres), the Toronto Zoo is the largest zoo in Canada. It is divided into seven zoogeographic regions: Indo-Malaya, Africa, Americas, Tundra Trek, Australasia, Eurasia, and the Canadian Domain. Some animals are displayed indoors in tropical pavilions and outdoors in what would be their naturalistic environments, with viewing at many levels. It also has areas such as the Kids Zoo, Waterside Theatre, and Splash Island. It has one of the most taxonomically diverse collection of animals on display of any zoo, is currently home to over 5,000 animals (including
invertebrates and fish) representing over 450 species. The zoo is open every day of the year except December 25.

The Toronto Zoo is divided up into seven different geographic regions. Each region showcases animals and plants from that area of the world.

**St. Lawrence Market**

St. Lawrence Market is a major public market in Toronto, Ontario, Canada. It is located at Front St. East and Jarvis St in the Old Town district of Toronto. There are three buildings in the complex, each having a different purpose. St. Lawrence Market North, on the north side of Front St, hosts weekly farmer's markets and antique markets. A public market has been held on the north building site since 1803. Several buildings have housed the building, the most recent built in 1968. St. Lawrence Market South, on the south side of Front St, is open daily, hosting food stalls, restaurants and the St. Lawrence Market Gallery. The South building dates to 1845, and has been rebuilt twice, and still incorporates a section of its original building which was used as Toronto City Hall from 1845. St. Lawrence Hall is an event and office building on King at Jarvis, built in 1850. St. Lawrence Market was named the world's best food market by National Geographic in April 2012. Starting in 2015, the North building has shut to allow for redevelopment. While the North site is redeveloped, its market functions have moved to south of the South building in a temporary building.
多伦多，加拿大

1. 城市概况

多伦多是加拿大最大城市、安大略省的省会，坐落在安大略湖西北岸的南安大略地区。是加拿大最大的城市，亦超越芝加哥成为北美洲第四大城市。多伦多是全球最多元化的都市之一，49%的居民是来自全球各国共100多个民族的移民，140多种语言汇集在这个北美大都市，由于这里的犯罪率极低、怡人的环境和高质量的生活，多伦多被评为是全球最宜居的城市之一，连续多年占据全球宜居城市排行前十名。

作为加拿大经济中心的多伦多是加拿大第一大城市，位于加拿大心质地区，接近美国东部工业发达地区，如芝加哥等城市。汽车工业、电子工业、金融业及旅游业在多伦多经济中占有重要地位，加拿大最大的汽车制造厂设在此地。其高科技产品占全国的60%。加拿大有名的大银行总部，如皇家银行、帝国银行、蒙特利尔银行等全部汇集于此，90%的外国银行驻加分支机构设在多伦多，按交易额计算，多伦多证券交易所以是北美第三大交易所。此外，附近著名的尼亚加拉大瀑布每年吸引约3000万旅游者。多伦多移民众多，居民的49%为来自世界各地的移民。它还是北美地区有名的华人聚居地，约有40多万华人。近年来，新移民的大量到来，带来了大量资金，加强了其作为加拿大经济、商业、金融和文化中心的地位。

多伦多的得天独厚地理条件、历史和经济原因，使它占据了独特的地位。多伦多四季分明。春天短暂；夏季湿热；秋天阳光普照，气温怡人，午间温度有时上升到夏天的水平；冬季寒冷，季节一直延至四月中。
如果夏天到多伦多需宽阔薄衣物，早晚需备毛衣一件；如冬天到多伦多，则需要一件厚外套或大衣、防水靴手套、和羊毛帽子。

春天，多伦多建筑摄影多伦多的春天是最令人期待的，万物开始从冬天的溶雪中苏醒，大地欣欣向荣，而人们也蠢蠢欲动，当气温首次升到摄氏 10 度（华氏 60 度）以上，便会急不可待地从室内走到室外的阳台上，享受初春的第一片阳光。所需携带的衣物：轻便的外套及雨伞，以备春寒及雨天之用。

夏季，多伦多的夏天非常美丽，气候颇为炎热潮湿。仲夏的气温徘徊在 16-27℃之间，有时甚至会上升至 32-35℃。因此，整个夏天，沙滩及公园都会布满享受炎炎夏日的人群，而室外咖啡座亦会座无虚席，气氛分外热闹、开心。所需携带的衣物：防晒太阳油。衣物方面，从短裤、凉鞋，到牛仔裤及太阳眼镜，都是必须品，但需注意，光顾大部分餐馆及零售店，都需要穿著整齐。

秋季，假如您从未见识过多伦多的秋季，您便一定要亲身体验一下。秋季是树叶转色的季节，漫山遍野都是红、橙、黄、绿的浓烈色彩，令人惊艳。秋季的气候也颇为凉爽舒服，阳光充沛，无论在市中心到处走走，或是到市郊一日游，都分外写意悠闲。所需携带的衣物：轻便的外套及一两件毛衣。

冬季，多伦多人非常耐寒，即使是下雪的时候，整个城市都仍然生气勃勃——从溜冰到滑雪，再加上数不尽的节日庆祝活动，确实是多姿多彩。虽然这里的冬天气候寒冷而且经常下雪，但比起位于安大略湖南岸的美国城市来说，已经是比较温和的了。一月的气温会在-8℃至 -1℃之间。所需携带的衣物：保暖的大衣、帽、围巾、手套及皮靴。

2. 酒店及会议信息

多伦多机场希尔顿逸林酒店

多伦多机场希尔顿逸林酒店 1999 年开业，2012 年装修，共有 284 间房。设有室内游泳池、一间内部餐厅以及带免费 WiFi 的客房，距离多伦多 (Toronto) 市中心有 25 分钟车程。酒店所有的客房均配有有线电视、茶/咖啡设施熨烫设施和吹风机。

酒店地理位置优越，距离约克大学有 16 公里，距离卡萨罗马城堡有 20 公里。最近的机场是多伦多皮尔逊国际机场，距离 Doubletree Hilton Toronto Airport 有 3.4 公里。

酒店内设 Casey's Grill & Bar 烧烤店兼酒吧餐厅。餐厅于午餐和晚餐时段供应各种菜单，提供客房服务。

酒店内设提供传真和复印服务的商务中心。24 小时前台工作人员可以提供当地的活动信息。客人还可以使用健身中心，或光顾酒店内的商店。酒店距离 Centennial Park Golf Centre 高尔夫中心有 10 分钟车程，距离 Woodbine Racetrack 赛马场 5 公里，提供额外收费的停车场。

酒店地址: 925 Dixon Road，怡陶碧谷，多伦多，安大略省，M9W 1J8，加拿大
酒店网址: www.torontoairport.doubletreebyhilton.com
房间预订

联系人: Katherine Hennessy | Director of Catering & Events
E-mail: s.purell@hitorontodowntown.ca
电话: Direct Line (647) 259-1915 | Hotel (416) 674-2222 | Fax: (416) 674-8717


地图
3. 旅游观光

多伦多是一座充满艺术、文化表现力和创造力的城市。丰富的文化令这里处处充满活力。漫步在多伦多的街头，就有如欣赏一幅徐徐展开的画卷；而街头表演为这增添跳动的音符。其实，在前往多伦多 125 个美术馆和博物馆的路途中，您就能领略到这里无处不在的艺术氛围。艺术透过钢铁、玻璃和砖石将这座城市本身雕琢成一个博物馆和艺术之都。

皇家安大略博物馆

皇家安大略博物馆，位于加拿大安大略省多伦多市中心，是北美洲第 5 大博物馆。于 1912 年 4 月 16 日由安大略省政府创立，至 1955 年止曾由多伦多大学管理。其主要内容是考古学、美术、生物学。馆内有着各式各样的收藏品，例如木乃伊、中国陵墓等等。它是加拿大最大同时也是拥有最多收藏品的博物馆，它包含的项目有自然科学、动物的生态、艺术及人类学等等。

皇家安大略博物馆是加拿大顶级的博物馆，也是到访多伦多的游客必到之处。它是加拿大最大同时也是拥有最多收藏品的博物馆。博物馆坐落于多伦多市中心，里面有多间永久陈列展厅，并时常举办国际巡回展，是集世界文化和自然历史为一体的综合性博物馆。

皇家安大略博物馆收有很多中国的艺术品及古董，是全世界上收集中国收藏品的大本营。除了中国之外，还有希腊、埃及、罗马等其它国家的珍贵收藏品。当然，也有最受欢迎的恐龙化石被此馆所收集。近期更有一窟仿造的蝙蝠洞在本馆展览，这个蝙蝠洞是在牙买加被发现的，算是后期的收藏品。

博物馆以收藏丰富的中国艺术品而享誉国际，这些展品陈列在博物馆主楼，从中国帝王服饰到一座包括了石刻拱门、石人石马、祭台和墓穴的明代陵墓，种类之多样、独特，是中国本土以外收藏中国艺术品最丰富的博物馆。此外，馆中还有埃及、罗马和希腊的艺术杰作，以及古老的欧洲武器馆、乐器馆，其中最吸引少年儿童的莫过于恐龙的进化和恐龙等主题陈列。

此外，馆内还有鸟类馆，这里充满着无奇不有的鸟类标本，这些标本按顺序整齐的被放置在抽屉里，使游客可以清楚的找到珍贵的鸟类标本。在博物馆的另一处，游客还可以欣赏到昂贵闪亮的珠宝和金饰，其中一些还附有历史价值，非常宝贵。馆内还设有咖啡馆，价钱也非常合理，供准备歇脚的游客来此进餐。

加拿大国家电视塔

1995 年，加拿大国家电视塔被美国土木工程师协会收入现代世界七大奇观，同时是世界名塔联盟的成员。

矗立在多伦多市中心国家电视塔，是多伦多的标志性建筑。它不仅是加拿大国家十大景观之一，也是世界最高的独立式建筑物。电视塔建于 1976 年，147 层，圆盘状的观景台远看像是飞碟，伫立在多伦多的港湾旁。从这里登顶远眺，可以一览最完整的多伦多都市风景。电视塔每年吸引两百万游客，是去多伦多的游客必访的景点。

加拿大国家电视塔高 553.33 米，造型优美，是世界上最高的自立构造。位于加拿大安大略省的多伦多市，是该市的标志性建筑，每年有超过 200 万人次参观。加拿大国家电视塔由加拿大国家铁路公司建造于 1976
年，目的是显示加拿大强大的工业。最初只是被设计为传送广播电视信号的天线，305 米高度处有用于传送预告信号的微波接收器。而广播天线位于塔的最顶端。电视塔内建有高 447 米的金属阶梯，有 1,776 级，是世界上最高的金属阶梯，这些阶梯用于紧急用途。

搭乘时速 22 公里的电梯不到一分钟(58 秒)就可抵达 346 公尺，约 113 层楼高的观景台(Observation tower)，在此有旋转餐厅、室内游乐场，以及可以让你呼吸到真正新鲜空气的户外了望台。站在了望台上，多伦多的风景一览无余，真是令人赏心悦目。电视塔最独特之处是在观景台所建的玻璃地面，这块呈扇形的玻璃地面让几乎每个尝试踏越这块地面的游客都是战战兢兢，如果再俯视玻璃下面如蚂蚁般微小的地面景物，更是惊心动魄。不过，还是有不少“冒险”者走上去，一偿心愿，各种景色尽收眼底。

从观景台还可以再上一层，到“天空之盖”(Sky pod)，这里高达 443 公尺，也就是 CN Tower 中白色“针”的基座，除了可以眺望多伦多全景，据说天气好的时候，甚至看得到尼加拉加大瀑布和美国的纽约州的曼彻斯特！不过这里只有在风速不强的情况下才开放。

高的建筑物总是会令人兴起征服的欲望，CN Tower 也不例外。CN Tower 共有阶梯 1776 阶，每年秋季这里都会举办爬楼梯比赛(CN Tower Stair Climb)，为慈善机构筹募基金。CN Tower 位在多伦多市中心，开车、搭地铁、巴士均可到达。这么高的建筑不用担心找不到，因为只要远远一望就知道它在哪里。

多伦多动物园

比较有特色的展馆还有大猩猩雨林馆，这是北美最大的室内猩猩展馆。查莱氏探索乐园则是孩子们的天堂，乐园里有体验互动乐趣的儿童动物园，水上乐园和观看动物表演的水榭剧场。

多伦多动物园内有五千多种动物，是加拿大的一流动物园。园里面的展馆设计独特，其中面积达 30 英亩的非洲园是获奖作品。

另外，比较有特色的展馆还有大猩猩雨林馆，这是北美最大的室内猩猩展馆。查莱氏探索乐园则是孩子们的天堂，乐园里有体验互动乐趣的儿童动物园，水上乐园和观看动物表演的水榭剧场。开放时间：夏季每天 9:00-19:00；春天和秋天每天 9:00-18:00；冬天 9:30-16:30。关门前一个小时是最后的进入时间。

费用：门票成人 19 加元 (15 美元)，学生 13 加元，4-12 岁儿童 11 加元 (8.80 美元)，3 岁以下免费。
圣劳伦斯市场

圣劳伦斯市场这处古老的集市一直沿用至今，历久不衰，平时已是非常热闹，一到周末，市场上就更挤满了农夫、艺术家和艺人，在售卖他们的产品和艺术品。许多古老的库房还被改装成别具特色的住宅、商店、酒吧和餐馆。

这里的三座古老建筑都位于多伦多老城区的中心。南楼市场里聚集了货真价实的食品，艺术品，街头艺人演奏的音乐更使市场充满活力。而北楼市场里有历史遗迹 -- 圣劳伦斯市政厅(St. Lawrence Hall)，这里的农夫市场仅在星期六开放。
Part IV Instructions for Presentations

Oral Presentation

Devices Provided by the Conference Organizer:

Laptops (with MS-Office & Adobe Reader)

Projectors & Screen

Laser Sticks

Materials Provided by the Presenters:

PowerPoint or PDF files

Duration of each Presentation (Tentatively):

Regular Oral Session: about 15 Minutes of Presentation, 5 Minutes of Q&A

Keynote Speech: 40 Minutes of Presentation, 10 Minutes of Q&A
Part V  Contact Us

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